MARINE LIVING RESOURCES ACT 18 OF 1998

[ASSENTED TO 21 MAY 1998]

[DATE OF COMMENCEMENT: 1 SEPTEMBER 1998]

(English text signed by the President)

as amended by

Marine Living Resources Amendment Act 68 of 2000

Regulations under this Act

DECLARATION OF THE BIRD ISLAND GROUP MARINE PROTECTED AREA IN TERMS OF SECTION 43 amended (GN R62 in GG 30716 of 1 February 2008)

DECLARATION OF THE ALIWAL SHOAL MARINE PROTECTED AREA UNDER SECTION 43 (GN 897 in GG 26433 of 4 June 2004) (with effect from 4 June 2004 and various other dates)

FISHING HARBOUR FEES published (GenN 508 in GG 31002 of 25 April 2008)

MARINE LIVING RESOURCES REGULATIONS (GN R1111 in GG 19205 of 2 September 1998)

MANAGEMENT OF BOAT BASED WHALE WATCHING AND PROTECTION OF TURTLES REGULATIONS published (GN R725 in GG 31212 of 4 July 2008)

MANAGEMENT OF WHITE SHARK CAGE DRIVING REGULATIONS published (GN R724 in GG 31211 of 4 July 2008)

NOTICE DECLARING STILBAAI A MARINE PROTECTED AREA UNDER S. 43 OF THE ACT (GN 1109 in *GG* 31517 of 17 October 2008)

REGULATIONS FOR THE PROTECTION OF WILD ABALONE (HALIOTIS) (GN R62 in GG 30716 of 1 February

REGULATIONS REGARDING THE BIRD ISLAND GROUP MARINE PROTECTED AREA published (GN 696 in GG 26432 of 4 June 2004)

STILBAAI MARINE PROTECTED AREA REGULATIONS (GN R1108 in GG 31516 of 17 October 2008)

ACT

the benefit of all the citizens of South Africa; and to provide for matters connected the exercise of control over marine living resources in a fair and equitable manner to and protection of certain marine living resources; and for these purposes to provide for utilisation of marine living resources and the orderly access to exploitation, utilisation To provide for the conservation of the marine ecosystem, the long-term sustainable

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Schedule 1

Definitions

In this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise-

and includes a hovercraft; 'aircraft' means any craft capable of self-sustained movement through the atmosphere

- -

annually for commercial fishing rights in terms of section 14; 'allowable commercial catch' means that part of the total allowable catch available

and in or on the seashore; 'aquatic plant' means any kind of plant, algae or other plant organism found in the sea

applied effort, or parts of both; by the Minister in terms of section 14 to be subject to the allowable commercial catch or total 'commercial fishing' means fishing for any of the species which have been determined

1996); 'Constitution' means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act 108 of

Council' means the Fisheries Transformation Council established in terms of section 29;

'court' means a competent court of law;

Department' means the Department of Environmental Affairs and Tourism;

'Director-General' means the Director-General of the Department;

to any vessel; whether it is used or intended to be used while attached to any point of land or the seabed or enmesh, entrap or entangle fish by drifting on the surface of or in the water, irrespective of 'driftnet' means a gillnet or other net or a combination of nets, the purpose of which is to

the provision of food, fuel and other supplies for vessels used or outfitted for driftnet fishing; related activities, including transporting, transshipping and processing any driftnet catch, and 'driftnet fishing activities' means fishing with the use of a driftnet and includes any

the Maritime Zones Act, 1994 (Act 15 of 1994); 'exclusive economic zone' means the exclusive economic zone as defined in section 7 of

and all juvenile stages, but does not include sea birds and seals; holothurian or other echinoderm, reptile and marine mammal, and includes their eggs, larvae aquatic plant or animal whether piscine or not, and any molluse, crustacean, coral, sponge, 'fish' means the marine living resources of the sea and the seashore, including any

aggregate fish, including any natural floating object on which a device has been placed to floating, submerged or semi-submerged device, whether anchored or not, intended to facilitate its location; 'fish aggregating device' means an artificially made or partially artificially made

section 15(1); 'fisheries management area' means a fisheries management area declared in terms of

taking into account geographical, scientific, technical, recreational, economic and other such stocks which can be treated as a unit for purposes of conservation and management, 'fishery' means one or more stock or stocks of fish or any fishing operations based

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relevant characteristics;

of section 9; 'fishery control officer' means any person appointed as a fishery control officer in terms

'fishing' means-

- <u>a</u> searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish or an attempt to any such activity
- 6 the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish; engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in
- 0 placing, searching for or recovering any fish aggregating device or associated gear, including radio beacons;
- \hat{a} any operation in support or in preparation of any activity described in this definition; or
- @ the use of an aircraft in relation to any activity described in this definition;

'fishing harbour' means a declared fishing harbour contemplated in section 27 (1);

gear, equipment, stores, cargo and fuel on board the vessel; be used for or of a type that is normally used for fishing or related activities, and includes all 'fishing vessel' means any vessel, boat, ship or other craft which is used for, equipped to

sale in or outside the territory of the Republic; fish are canned, packed, dried, gutted, salted, iced, chilled, frozen or otherwise processed for dismembering, separating parts of, cleaning, sorting, lining and preserving of fish, or where substance or article is produced from fish by any method, including the work of cutting up, 'fish processing establishment' means any vehicle, vessel, premises or place where any

partially derived from fish; fish product' means any product, whether in a processed form or not, wholly or

'foreign fishing vessel' means any fishing vessel other than a local fishing vessel;

'foreign fishing vessel licence' means a licence issued in terms of section 39 (2).

established under section 5; 'Forum' means the Consultative Advisory Forum for Marine Living Resources

'Fund' means the Marine Living Resources Fund referred to in section 10 (1);

used in fishing, including any net, rope, line, float, trap, hook, winch, aircraft, boat or craft carried on board a vessel, aircraft or other craft; 'gear' means, in relation to fishing, any equipment, implement or other object that can be

subject to the particular jurisdiction of another state; 'high seas' means the waters beyond South African waters, but does not include waters

licence has been issued in terms of section 41 (1); 'high seas fishing vessel' means a vessel in respect of which a high seas fishing vessel

high seas fishing vessel licence' means a licence issued in terms of section 41 (1);

Zones Act, 1994; 'internal waters' means the internal waters as defined in section 3 of the Maritime

measures are binding on the Republic in terms of international law; of the Sea, whether by global, regional or subregional fishery organisations and which relevant rules of international law as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law conventions, treaties or agreements, or that are adopted or applied in accordance with the or manage one or more species of marine living resources contained in international 'international conservation and management measures' means measures to conserve

'local fishing vessel' means any fishing vessel registered in the Republic which is-

- Ē wholly owned and controlled by one or more South African persons;
- (b) wholly owned by the State;
- 0 and controlled by South African persons; or Republic and in which the majority of the shares and the voting rights are held association of persons incorporated or established under the laws of the wholly owned and controlled by any body corporate, society or other
- $\widehat{\boldsymbol{v}}$ by the Minister; wholly owned by a body corporate designated as an authorised body corporate

'local fishing vessel licence' means a licence issued in terms of section 23 (1);

'mariculture' means the culture or husbandry of fish in sea water;

navigational assistance; does not include a pilot aboard a fishing vessel solely for the purpose of providing the case may be, including a person who has principal responsibility for fishing on board, but command or charge, or for the time being in charge, of the vessel, aircraft or other craft, as 'master' means, in relation to a vessel, aircraft or other craft, the person having lawful

'Minister' means the Minister responsible for the Department;

'nautical mile' means the international nautical mile of 1 852 metres;

by which fish can be taken; 'net' means a fabric of rope, cord, twine or other material knotted or woven into meshes

this Act as a condition of its licence which transmits, whether in conjunction with other machines elsewhere or not, information or data concerning the position and fishing activities 'observation device' means any device or machine placed on a fishing vessel in terms of

on board a fishing vessel in accordance with this Act; section 50 to perform scientific, compliance, monitoring and other similar observation duties 'observer' means any person authorised in writing by the Director-General in terms of

'organ of state' means an organ of state as defined in section 239 of the Constitution;

person purporting to act in such a capacity, of any body corporate or company which is an one or more other persons and the manager, director, secretary, or other similar officer or any or her own behalf or on behalf of another, including a person who is the owner jointly with the obligation to exercise or discharge any of the powers or duties of an owner whether on his 'owner' means any person exercising or discharging or claiming the right or accepting

'permit' means a permit contemplated in section 13;

'person' includes a trust;

'prescribe' means to prescribe by regulation;

barter, earnings or gain; 'recreational fishing' means, any fishing done for leisure or sport and not for sale,

'regulation' means a regulation made and includes a notice issued under this Act;

'related activities' include-

- <u>a</u> in the course of high seas fishing; fish product taken from South African waters up to the time it is first landed or storing, buying, selling, transshipping, processing or transporting of fish or any
- 9 the time it is first landed; on-shore storing, buying, selling or processing of fish or any fish product from
- 0 refuelling or supplying fishing vessels, selling or supplying fishing equipment or performing any other act in support of fishing;
- (d) exporting and importing fish or any fish product; or
- 0 engaging in the business of providing agency, consultancy or other similar services for and in relation to fishing or a related activity;

'right of access' means a right of access to fish granted in terms of this Act;

means the sea-shore as defined in section 1 of the Sea-shore Act, 1935 (Act

immobile on or under the seabed, or are unable to move except in constant physical contact with the seabed or the subsoil; 'sedentary species' means organisms which, at the harvestable stage, either are

'South African person' means-

- Ē a South African citizen in terms of the South African Citizenship Act, 1995 (Act 88 of 1995);
- 3 a company registered in terms of the Companies Act, 1973 (Act 61 of 1973), African persons; of which the majority of shareholders, as prescribed by the Minister, are South
- 3 a close corporation in terms of the Close Corporations Act, 1984 (Act 69 of 1984), of which the majority of members are South African persons; or
- (d) a trust in which-
- \odot the majority of trustees having the controlling power at any given time are South African citizens; or
- Ξ a majority of the beneficial interests are held by South African citizens;

rivers in which a rise and fall of the water level takes place as a result of the tides; section 7 of the Maritime Zones Act, 1994, and such waters include tidal lagoons and tidal the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, the continental shelf as defined in exclusive economic zone, and in relation to the sedentary species as defined in Article 77 of 'South African waters' means the seashore, internal waters, territorial waters, the

consumption or for the consumption of his or her dependants, including one who engages who engages on a substantial scale in the sale of fish on a commercial basis; from time to time in the local sale or barter of excess catch, but does not include a person 'subsistence fisher' means a natural person who regularly catches fish for personal

Zones Act, 1994; 'territorial waters' means the territorial waters as defined in section 4 of the Maritime

'this Act' includes any regulation or notice made or issued under this Act;

prescribed, for combined recreational, subsistence, commercial and foreign fishing in terms groups of species made available annually, or during such other period of time as may be 'total allowable catch' means the maximum quantity of fish of individual species or

or permits to fish may be issued for individual species or groups of species, or the maximum engine power thereof or the fishing method applied thereby for which fishing vessel licences 'total applied effort' means the maximum number of fishing vessels, the type, size and

issued to fish individual species or groups of species; number of persons on board a fishing vessel for which fishing licences or permits may be

'transship' means transferring fish or gear from one vessel to another;

'trap' means an enclosure, not being a net, that may be used to take fish;

Convention on the Law of the Sea, 1982, adopted at Montego Bay on 10 December 1982; 'United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea' means the United Nations

equipped with an inboard or outboard motor or any other craft, whether a surface craft or 'vessel' includes any canoe, lighter, floating platform, decked boat, carrier vessel, vessel

corresponding numerically to that day and month in the following year, both days inclusive 'year' means any period extending from a day in one year to a day preceding the day

Objectives and principles INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS (ss 2-4) CHAPTER 1

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regard to the following objectives and principles: The Minister and any organ of state shall in exercising any power under this Act, have

- ø development of marine living resources; The need to achieve optimum utilisation and ecologically sustainable
- Ŧ the need to conserve marine living resources for both present and future generations;
- 0 the need to apply precautionary approaches in respect of the management and development of marine living resources;
- <u>a</u> the development objectives of the national government; resource development, capacity building within fisheries and mariculture the need to utilise marine living resources to achieve economic growth, human branches, employment creation and a sound ecological balance consistent with
- ē targeted for exploitation; the need to protect the ecosystem as a whole, including species which are not
- (f) the need to preserve marine biodiversity;
- (g) the need to minimise marine pollution;
- B the need to achieve to the extent practicable a broad and accountable participation in the decision-making processes provided for in this Act;
- any relevant obligation of the national government or the Republic in terms of

any international agreement or applicable rule of international law; and

9 to achieve equity within all branches of the fishing industry. the need to restructure the fishing industry to address historical imbalances and

3 Application of Act

- Unless the context indicates otherwise, this Act shall apply-
- (a) to all persons, whether or not South African persons, and to all fishing vessels airspace above South African waters; and aircraft, including foreign fishing vessels and aircraft, on, in or in the
- **(b)** waters, including waters under the particular jurisdiction of another state; and to fishing activities carried out by means of local fishing vessels or South African aircraft in, on, or in the airspace above waters outside South African
- 0 Islands Act, 1948 (Act 43 of 1948), and any reference in this Act to the to the Prince Edward Islands referred to in section 1 of the Prince Edward Republic shall include a reference to those Islands.
- (2) This Act, including any applicable regulation, shall have extraterritorial application.
- form part of the sea. (3) This Act shall not apply in respect of fish found in water which does not at any time

4 Conflict with other Acts

amending this Act, the provisions of this Act shall prevail. this Act and the provisions of any other law, save the Constitution or any Act expressly If any conflict relating to marine living resources dealt with in this Act arises between

CHAPTER 2 ADMINISTRATION (ss 5-13)

5 Establishment of Forum

Living Resources The Minister shall establish a body called the Consultative Advisory Forum for Marine

6 Functions of Forum

The Forum shall advise the Minister on any matter-

- (a) referred to it by him or her, and in particular-
- Ξ the management and development of the fishing industry, including issues relating to the total allowable catch;
- $oldsymbol{\Xi}$ marine living resources management and related legislation;

- (iii) procedures, including management plans; the establishment and amendment of operational management
- $\widehat{\Xi}$ multi-disciplinary research; and recommendations and directives on areas of research, including
- (v) the allocation of money from the Fund; and
- 9 in respect of the objectives and principles referred to in section 2 that in the opinion of the Forum should be brought to the attention of the Minister.

7 Composition of Forum

- time. by the Minister for the period determined by him or her, but not exceeding three years at a (1) The forum shall consist of at least five members, including a chairperson, appointed
- proper functioning of the Forum. multidisciplinary, with members qualified to make a substantial contribution towards the (2) The Minister shall ensure that the Forum be broadly representative and
- nominations by interested parties by notice in the Gazette: Provided that the Minister shall not be bound by any such nomination. (3) Before the members of the Forum are appointed, the Minister shall invite
- (4) A member of the Forum shall vacate his or her office if he or she-
- (a) becomes insolvent;
- (b) becomes of unsound mind;
- 0 is convicted of an offence and is sentenced to imprisonment without the option of a fine;
- \widehat{a} is absent from three consecutive meetings of the Forum without leave of the chairperson;
- (e) resigns by written notice to the Minister; or
- \mathcal{E} is removed from office by the Minister if there are sufficient reasons in the opinion of the Minister for doing so.
- the allowances which the Minister may determine in general or in a specific case, in employment of an organ of state, from money appropriated by Parliament for that purpose, consultation with the Minister of Finance. (5) The Director-General may pay to a member of the Forum who is not in the full-time
- (6) The Minister may prescribe the necessary matters relating to meetings of the Forum.

8 Industrial bodies and interest groups

- representative of the specific body or group. group in a branch of the fishing industry which, in the opinion of the Minister, is (1) The Minister may, by notice in the Gazette, recognise any industrial body or interest
- and interest groups recognised in terms of subsection (1). (2) The Forum shall give consideration to information submitted to it by industrial bodies

Ŷ Fishery control officers and honorary marine conservation officers

- ranks in any organ of state of which the incumbents shall be fishery control officers. (1) The Minister may, subject to the laws governing the public service, designate posts or
- powers to be exercised by such a person in terms of this Act. an honorary marine conservation officer, appoint that person, and in doing so may specify the (2) The Minister may by written notice to any other person that he or she deems fit to be
- furnished by the Director-General with the prescribed identity card (3) A fishery control officer and an honorary marine conservation officer shall be

10 Marine Living Resources Fund

- notwithstanding the repeal of the said Act by section 84. of 1988), shall continue to exist under the name the Marine Living Resources Fund (1) The Sea Fishery Fund referred to in section 27 of the Sea Fishery Act, 1988 (Act 12
- subject to section 22-(2) Into the Fund there shall be paid, notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, but
- $\hat{\boldsymbol{z}}$ money paid in respect of fines, penalties and interest for any offence vessel, vehicle, aircraft, gear or fish forfeited or seized in terms of this Act; committed in terms of this Act, including any proceeds from the sale of any
- (b) all interest and fees collected in terms of this Act;
- \hat{c} money appropriated by Parliament for the realisation of the objects of the
- (d) interest on investments;
- 6 of Finance; donations, with the approval of the Minister in consultation with the Minister
- \approx money which, with the approval of the Minister in consultation with the Minister of Finance, may accrue to the Fund from any other source; and
- 8 imposed and collected in terms of this Act, the Sea Fishery Act, 1988, or any any levy on fish, fish products, aquatic plants or other marine resources,

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other law

- from the Fund may be incurred except in accordance with such estimate of expenditure respect of every financial year, which shall end on 31 March, and no expenditure payable and expenditure approved by the Minister with the concurrence of the Minister of Finance in Minister, in accordance with an estimate or a supplementary or revised estimate of revenue (3) The Fund shall be administered by the Director-General in consultation with the
- of accounting for money received and expenditure incurred by the Fund (4) The Director-General shall be the accounting officer charged with the responsibility
- with the Public Investment Commissioners. (5) The Director-General shall invest money in the fund not required for immediate use
- forward as a credit in the Fund to the next financial year. (6) Any unexpended balance in the Fund at the end of a financial year shall be carried
- (7) The Auditor-General shall annually audit the books and accounts of the Fund

11 Appropriation of Fund

activity aimed at reaching the objectives referred to in section 2. The Fund shall provide for the administration of the provisions of this Act, including any

12 (Register 7

- and licences granted or issued in terms of this Act. (1) The Director-General shall keep a register of all rights of access, other rights, permits
- (2) The Minister may prescribe-
- (a) the format of the register contemplated in subsection (1); and
- (b) any registration system that he or she deems necessary.
- public at the prescribed places and times. (3) The register contemplated in subsection (1) shall be available for inspection by the

13 / Permits

- exercise that right or perform that activity. activity in terms of this Act unless a permit has been issued by the Minister to such person to (1) No person shall exercise any right granted in terms of section 18 or perform any other
- (2) Any permit contemplated in subsection (1) shall-
- Ø be issued for a specified period not exceeding one year
- **(b)** be issued subject to the conditions determined by the Minister in the permit;

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- 0 of section 25 (1). be issued against the payment of any fees determined by the Minister in terms with to
- the location where the right or activity in respect of which the permit has been issued, is (3) The holder of a permit shall at all times have that permit available for inspection at
- conditions of a previously issued permit had not been adhered to. (4) A permit to exercise an existing right in terms of this Act may be refused if the

MANAGEMENT OF MARINE LIVING RESOURCES (ss 14-42)) CHAPTER 3

Part I Fisheries Planning (ss 14-17)

14 Determination of allowable catches and applied effort

combination thereof. (1) The Minister shall determine the total allowable catch, the total applied effort, or a

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- recreational, local commercial and foreign fishing, respectively. applied effort, or a combination thereof, to be allocated in any year to subsistence (2) The Minister shall determine the portions of the total allowable catch, the total
- determine that the total allowable catch, or the total applied effort, or a combination thereof, shall apply-(3) In the execution of his or her powers in terms of this section, the Minister may
- <u>a</u> in a particular area, or in respect of particular species or a group of species of
- 9 in respect of the use of particular gear, fishing methods or types of fishing
- increases, the mass of the increase shall be available for allocation by the Minister. (4) If the allowable commercial catch in respect of which commercial fishing rights exist,
- prohibited from determining that-(5) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to mean that the Minister is
- (a) the total allowable catch;
- 6 a portion of the total allowable catch contemplated in subsection (2); or
- (c) an allocation in terms of subsection (4),

shall be nil

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15 Fisheries management areas

- waters to be a fisheries management area for the management of the species described in the (1) The Minister may by notice in the Gazette declare any area of the South African
- conservation, management and development of the fisheries. (2) The Minister may in respect of each fisheries management area approve a plan for the
- consult with the Forum and other organs of state affected by the plan. (3) The Minister shall, during the preparation of any plan contemplated in subsection (2).

16 Emergency measures

137 Pemits.

18 3 hights .

- or any species or class of fish or aquatic life in any fishery or part of a fishery, the Minister (1) If an emergency occurs that endangers or may endanger stocks of fish or aquatic life,
- Ø suspend all or any of the fishing in that fishery or any specified part of it;
- **(b)** restrict the number of fishing vessels fishing in that fishery; or
- 0 restrict the mass of fish which may be taken from that fishery.
- by notice in the Gazette and in any other appropriate manner. (2) The particulars of any measures taken in terms of this section shall be made known

17 Priority fishing areas

interfered with, he or she may, after consultation with the affected parties, by notice in the authorised fishing within any area of the South African waters is not impeded or otherwise If the Minister is of the opinion that special measures are necessary to ensure that

- (a) declare such an area to be a priority fishing area for the purposes stated in the
- (b) prohibit any activity determined in the notice

Part 2 Local Fishing (ss 18-20)

8 / Granting of rights

mariculture or operate a fish processing establishment unless a right to undertake or engage in such an activity or to operate such an establishment has been granted to such a person by the Minister. (1) No person shall undertake commercial fishing or subsistence fishing, engage in

(2) An application for any right referred to in subsection (1) shall be submitted to the

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Minister in the manner that the Minister may determine

by the applicant. (3) The Minister may require an environmental impact assessment report to be submitted

- rights, only South African persons shall acquire or hold rights in terms of this section. (4) Unless otherwise determined by the Minister in relation to the holders of existing
- new entrants, particularly those from historically disadvantaged sectors of society. achieve the objectives contemplated in section 2, have particular regard to the need to permit (5) In granting any right referred to in subsection (1), the Minister shall, in order to
- relating to the allocation of such rights. terminate and revert back to the State to be reallocated in terms of the provisions of this Act the Minister, which period shall not exceed 15 years, whereafter it shall automatically (6) All rights granted in terms of this section shall be valid for the period determined by
- on such terms and conditions as he or she may impose. a period not exceeding three years, the Minister may once only, at the expiration of such period, extend the period of validity of the right for a further period not exceeding two years (6A) (a) If the Minister has granted a right contemplated in subsection (6) to a person for
- determined in terms of section 14 or to both such change and effort. must have regard to any change in the total allowable catch, the total applied effort (b) The Minister may extend the period of validity of the right in whole or in part, but

[Sub-s. (6A) inserted by s. 1 of Act 68 of 2000.]

including the use of a particular type of vessel or gear, or area of fishing, to which a right may (7) The Minister may determine sustainable conservation and management measures,

19 Subsistence fishing

- the Constitution, by notice in the Gazette-(1) The Minister may, in order to achieve the objectives contemplated in section 9 (2) of
- <u>a</u> establish areas or zones where subsistence fishers may fish; and
- (b) after consultation with the Forum, declare-
- \odot a specified community to be a fishing community, from which inhabitants may be declared to be subsistence fishers; or
- (ii) any other person to be a subsistence fisher; or
- Ξ any other fishing or related activity or the exercise of any other right in that area or zone to be prohibited
- (2) No subsistence fishing permit shall be transferable except with the approval of and

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subject to the conditions determined by the Minister

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20 Recreational fishing

(1) No person shall sell, barter or trade any fish caught through recreational fishing

(2) No recreational fishing permit shall be transferable. 2

Part 3 Commercial Fishing (ss 21-22)

21 Commercial fishing

- divided or otherwise transferred. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, a commercial fishing right may be leased.
- submitted to the Minister in the manner that the Minister may determine, and subject to the provisions of this Act and any applicable regulation, the Minister may, in writing, approve the transfer of the right or a part thereof. (2) An application to transfer a commercial fishing right or a part thereof shall be
- (3) The Minister may, after consultation with the Forum, make regulations regarding-
- $\widehat{\boldsymbol{e}}$ the formula by which a commercial fishing right as a portion of the allowable determined; commercial catch, the total applied effort, or a combination thereof, shall be
- 9 guidelines or criteria concerning the transfer of any right of access, including temporary basis; determining limits on the transfer of rights between holders of such rights on a
- 0 transferred to, or acquired or otherwise held by, any person; the maximum or minimum portion of the allowable commercial catch, the total applied effort, or a combination thereof, which may be allocated or
- Ē reallocation of any right of access, having regard to any significant alteration long-term availability of the resource; in the long-term revenue derived from the resource being exploited or in the
- 6 the determination of rights to, or disposition of, by-catches in relation to any
- \mathcal{G} the monitoring and control of the use of rights of access;
- 6 subject to the provisions of the Labour Relations Act, 1995 (Act 66 of 1995), the employment of South African persons on board fishing vessels that are used for the utilisation of any right of access;
- 3 the utilisation of South African fish processing establishments in the exercise

of a right of access; and

9 implementation of a scheme for rights of access. the other measures that may be necessary or desirable to achieve the effective

22 Leasing of rights

[38 shall, subject to section 31, be leased by the State. (1) As from a date fixed by the Minister in the Gazette, the rights contemplated in section

contemplated in subsection (1), including criteria for the granting of the rights contemplated in section 18. (2) The Minister may prescribe the method of allocation and payment in respect of leases

- include tendering and fixed price leasing, may vary between branches of the fishing industry. (3) The method of allocation and payment contemplated in subsection (2), which may
- paid in respect of a right leased by the State shall be paid into the Fund and the remainder shall be paid into the National Revenue Fund. (4) With the concurrence of the Minister of Finance, a determined portion of the money

Part 4 General Local Matters (ss 23-28)

23 Local fishing vessel licence — 7 7 8

- unless a local fishing vessel licence has been issued to such person. (1) No person shall use a fishing vessel or any other vessel to exercise any right of access
- the manner that the Minister may determine. (2) An application for a local fishing vessel licence shall be submitted to the Minister in

24 Reduction of rights

in respect thereof, shall be reduced. allocated in any year to subsistence, local commercial and foreign fishing, and rights granted that the portions of the total allowable catch, the total applied effort, or a combination thereof, The Minister may in respect of any fishery, determine, after consultation with the Forum,

25 | Fees -

the payment of the fees*(1) determined by the Minister in consultation with the Minister of (1) All rights, permits and licences in terms of this Act shall be granted or issued against

accompanied by an application fee determined by the Minister in consultation with the Minister of Finance (2) An application for any right, permit or licence in terms of this Act shall be

26 Recovery of interest and fees

payable in terms of this Act in a competent court of law. The Director-General may recover the amount of any interest or fee which is due and

27 Fishing harbours

- or a defined portion of a harbour or a defined area of the sea and the seashore, to be a fishing (1) Subject to subsection (2), the Minister may by notice in the Gazette declare a harbour
- be a fishing harbour, he or she shall obtain the prior approval of the Minister of Transport. (2) If the Minister desires to declare a commercial harbour or a portion of such harbour
- payable in respect of the use of a fishing harbour or the facilities available in such a harbour. (3) The Minister may, in consultation with the Minister of Finance, determine the fees
- 28 (Cancellation and suspension of rights, licences and permits
- (1) If a holder of any right, licence or perhit in terms of this Act-
- <u>a</u> true or complete; has submitted any other information required in terms of this Act, which is not has furnished information in the application for that right, licence or permit, or
- 6 contravenes or fails to comply with a condition imposed in the right, licence or
- 0 contravenes or fails to comply with a provision of this Act;
- a is convicted of an offence in terms of this Act; or
- @ fails to effectively utilise that right, licence or permit,

revoked, suspended, cancelled, altered or reduced, as the case may be. period of 21 days from the date of the notice, why the right, licence or permit should not be to the said holder's last known address, request the holder to show cause in writing, within a the Director-General may by written notice delivered to such holder, or sent by registered post

- the Minister's decision. the matter, together with any reason furnished by the holder in question, to the Minister for (2) The Director-General shall after expiry of the period referred to in subsection (1) refer
- may-(3) When a matter is referred to the Minister in terms of subsection (2), the Minister
- Ø revoke the right, licence or permit;
- 9 suspend the right, licence or permit for a period determined by the Minister;

- 0 cancel the right, licence or permit from a date determined by the Minister;
- \mathfrak{g} alter the terms or conditions of the right, licence or permit; or
- $\overline{\mathscr{Q}}$ decide not to revoke, suspend, cancel, alter or reduce the right, licence or
- notice to the holder of a right, licence or permit, revoke, suspend, cancel or reduce that right, utilisation on a sustainable basis of a particular marine living resource, at any time by written whenever he or she is of the opinion that it is in the interests of the promotion, protection or licence or permit. (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (1), (2) and (3), the Minister may,

Part 5 Fisheries Transformation Council (ss 29-37)

29 Establishment of Fisheries Transformation Council

Fisheries Transformation Council. The Minister shall establish a body by notice in the Gazette, which shall be called the

30 Main object of Council

access to the rights referred to in section 18 The main object of the Council shall be to facilitate the achievement of fair and equitable

31 Allocation of rights to and by Council

- Council (1) The Minister may, notwithstanding the provisions of this Act, allocate rights to the
- enterprises. persons from historically disadvantaged sectors of society and to small and medium size (2) The Council shall lease rights, according to criteria determined by the Minister, to

32 Powers of Council

The Council may, subject to restrictions determined by the Minister-

- (a) lease commercial fishing rights;
- (b) determine the price to be paid by lessees of rights:
- 0 revoked, cancelled, suspended or altered; and which conditions shall govern the circumstances under which the lease may be determine the conditions applicable to leases granted in terms of this section,
- (d) assist in the development and capacity building of persons from historically disadvantaged sectors of society and small and medium size enterprises

33 Management and control

For the purposes of management and control of the Council, the Minister may-

- a issue criteria, guidelines and instructions for the operation of the Council; and
- 9 determine that the affairs of the Council shall be managed and controlled according to a business plan approved by him or her.

34 Composition of Council

- by the Minister for the period determined by him or her, but not exceeding three years at a (1) The Council shall consist of at least five members, including a chairperson, appointed
- proper functioning of the Council. multidisciplinary, with members qualified to make a substantial contribution towards the (2) The Minister shall ensure that the Council be broadly representative and
- be bound by any such nomination. nominations by interested parties by notice in the Gazette: Provided that the Minister shall not (3) Before the members of the Council are appointed, the Minister shall invite
- or mariculture shall be appointed in terms of this section. (4) No person who has a direct interest in any manner whatsoever in commercial fishing
- (5) A member of the Council shall vacate his or her office if he or she-
- (a) becomes insolvent;
- (b) becomes of unsound mind;
- 0 of a fine; is convicted of an offence and is sentenced to imprisonment without the option
- Ø is absent from three consecutive meetings of the Council without leave of the chairperson;
- (e) resigns by written notice to the Minister; or
- \mathfrak{G} is removed from office by the Minister if there are sufficient reasons in the opinion of the Minister for doing so.
- case, in consultation with the Minister of Finance the allowances and remuneration which the Minister may determine in general or in a specific employment of an organ of state, from money appropriated by Parliament for that purpose, (6) The Director-General may pay to a member of the Council who is not in the full-time
- (7) The Minister may prescribe the necessary matters relating to meetings of the Council.

35 Staff

appointed subject to the laws governing the public service. The employees required for the proper performance of the Council's functions, shall be

36 Reporting

- Minister a report on all its activities during the previous year. (1) The Council shall annually not later than the first day of March, submit to the
- Parliament is not then in session, within 14 days of the commencement of the next ensuing within 14 days after it was submitted to the Minister, if Parliament is then in session, or if (2) The report referred to in subsection (1) shall be laid upon the Table in Parliament

37 Abolishment of Council

Council The Minister may by notice in the Gazette, after consultation with the Forum, abolish the

Part 6 Foreign Fishing (ss 38-39)

38 International agreements

- applicable determination of the total allowable catch or applicable fishery plan. mass of fish allowed to the appropriate category of foreign fishing vessels in terms of any concerning access to fish in South African waters shall exceed the total resources or the total (1) No international agreement entered into by the national government of the Republic
- legislation relating to fishing in South African waters. compliance by its vessels with the terms and conditions of the agreement and with the responsibility of the foreign state or an association to take necessary measures to ensure concerning access to fish in South African waters shall include a provision establishing the (2) Any international agreement entered into by the national government of the Republic

39 Foreign fishing vessel licences

- African waters unless a foreign fishing vessel licence has been issued to such vessel. (1) No foreign fishing vessel shall be used for fishing or related activities in South
- licence in the prescribed format authorising a foreign fishing vessel to be used in South African waters, or any part thereof, for the fishing or related activities that may be determined (2) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Minister may issue a foreign fishing vessel
- foreign fishing vessel unless there is in force with the government of the flag state of the vessel or with an association of which the owner or charterer is a member, a fishery (3) Subject to subsection (4), no foreign fishing vessel licence shall be issued to any

agreement to which the national government of the Republic is a party

- provides sufficient financial and other guarantees relating to his or her fulfilment of all that purpose. to pollution and rescue, and the Minister is satisfied that those guarantees are adequate for obligations arising in terms of this Act, as well as other conditions regarding insurance related the Minister may issue a licence in respect of a foreign fishing vessel where the applicant (4) Notwithstanding the absence of a fishery agreement contemplated in subsection (3),
- be guilty of an offence. foreign fishing vessel licence, the master, owner and charterer of that fishing vessel shall each (5) If a fishing vessel is used in contravention of subsection (1) or of any condition of a

Part 7 High Seas Fishing (ss 40-42)

40 Prohibition of high seas fishing

issued in respect of such a fishing vessel. fishing vessel registered in the Republic unless a high seas fishing vessel licence has been No person shall undertake fishing or related activities on the high seas by means of a

41 High seas licences

- subject to the conditions that he or she considers appropriate (1) The Minister may issue a high seas fishing licence in respect of a local fishing vessel,
- (2) A high seas fishing licence shall be valid for a period not exceeding one year
- (3) A high seas fishing licence shall only be issued in respect of a local fishing vessel.
- (4) A high seas fishing licence shall terminate-
- (a) on expiration of the period for which it was valid;
- 9 should the vessel cease to be registered in the Republic; or
- 0 convicted of an offence in terms of section 39 (5). should the master, owner or charterer of the high seas fishing vessel be

42 Implementation of international conservation and management measures

- Republic is a member, or to states parties to such international conservation and management conservation and management measures to an international organisation of which the (1) The Minister may provide appropriate information in terms of international
- Republic and such other states to better implement the objects of such international states that are parties to international conservation and management measures to enable the (2) The Minister may exchange information, including evidentiary material, with other

conservation and management measures.

- involved in a contravention of an international conservation or management measure, he or (3) If the Director-General has reason to suspect that a foreign fishing vessel was
- Ē that contravention; and provide to the appropriate authorities of the flag state of the foreign fishing vessel concerned, such information, including evidentiary material, relating to
- 6 promptly notify the appropriate authorities of the flag state of the vessel when such foreign fishing vessel is voluntarily in a port of the Republic, accordingly.
- concerning marine living resources. any international conservation and management measures or international agreement (4) The Minister may from time to time publish by notice in the Gazette particulars of

CHAPTER 4 MARINE PROTECTED AREAS (s 43)

43 Marine protected areas

Impul Mit

- protected area-(1) The Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, declare an area to be a marine
- 3 and the physical features on which they depend; for the protection of fauna and flora or a particular species of fauna or flora
- **(b)** to facilitate fishery management by protecting spawning stock, allowing stock recovery, enhancing stock abundance in adjacent areas, and providing pristine communities for research; or
- 0 to diminish any conflict that may arise from competing uses in that area
- subsection (3)-(2) No person shall in any marine protected area, without permission in terms of
- (a) fish or attempt to fish;
- (b) take or destroy any fauna and flora other than fish;
- 0 environment; polluting matter, or in any way disturb, alter or destroy the natural dredge, extract sand or gravel, discharge or deposit waste or any other
- Ø construct or erect any building or other structure on or over any land or water within such a marine protected area; or
- carry on any activity which may adversely impact on the ecosystems of that

required for the proper management of the marine protected area any activity prohibited in terms of this section may be undertaken, where such activity is (3) The Minister may, after consultation with the Forum, give permission in writing that

PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES AND STOWAGE OF GEAR (ss 44-49) CHAPTER 5

44 Prohibited fishing methods

- (1) No person shall-
- Ē use, permit to be used, or attempt to use any explosive, fire-arm, poison or catching fish, or of in any way rendering fish to be caught more easily; other noxious substance for the purpose of killing, stunning, disabling or
- 9 paragraph (a); or poison or other noxious substance for any of the purposes referred to in carry or have in his or her possession or control any explosive, fire-arm
- 3 the Minister by notice in the Gazette. engage in a fishing or related activity by a method or in a manner prohibited by
- contravention of this Act. (2) No person shall land, sell, receive or possess any fish taken by any means in

45 Possession of prohibited gear

No person shall use, possess or have control of-

- Ē any net or trap, the mesh size of which does not conform to the prescribed minimum mesh size;
- 0 any gear which does not conform to the standards that may be prescribed for that type of gear; or
- (c) any gear which is prohibited in terms of this Act.

46 Interference with gear

No person shall-

- 3 remove, haul, empty, cast adrift or otherwise interfere with any fishing net, without the consent of that person; line, pot, trap, gear, tackle, or other equipment belonging to any other person
- (6)place any object in the water, or promote or undertake any activity in a manner so as to obstruct a fishing operation being carried out by another person;

- 0 marker attached to it; or pot, trap, gear, tackle or other fishing equipment, or any buoy, float or other destroy, damage, displace or move or alter the position of any fishing net, line,
- \widehat{x} remove fish from any fishing net, line, pot, trap, gear, tackle or other fishing equipment belonging to any other person without the consent of that person.

47 Driftnet fishing

Except on the authority of a permit issued by the Minister-

- **(9)** no vessel shall be used for or to assist in any driftnet fishing activities;
- 6 no person shall engage or assist in any driftnet fishing activities; and
- 0 of which a foreign fishing vessel licence has been issued, shall be in no person on board a local fishing vessel or a foreign fishing vessel in respect possession of a driftnet or part thereof.

48 Fish aggregating devices

- submitted to the Minister in the manner that the Minister may determine. (1) An application to place a fish aggregating device in South African waters shall be
- (2) A permit to place a fish aggregating device shall not confer any right to fish
- (3) The Minister may by notice in the Gazette-
- (a) for the purposes of this section; and declare any fish aggregating device to be a designated fish aggregating device
- 9 fish aggregating device or a class of designated fish aggregating devices determine who may fish within a radius of one nautical mile of a designated
- in accordance with the conditions that he or she may determine. from a designated fish aggregating device without the permission of the Minister and unless (4) Subject to subsection (3), no person shall fish within a radius of one nautical mile
- that a particular measure does not apply in respect of fish caught within one nautical mile of applicable conservation or management measures, unless the Minister determines in writing (5) Permission to use a fish aggregating device does not affect any obligation to observe

49 Stowage of gear

- has not been issued shall be stowed in the prescribed manner while the vessel is within South (1) Gear on board any foreign fishing vessel for which a foreign fishing vessel licence
- (2) A foreign fishing vessel that is licensed in terms of section 39 (2) to fish by means of

a particular type of gear in any specific area of the South African waters-

- \widehat{a} shall stow any other gear on board the vessel in the prescribed manner while the vessel is within that area; and
- 3 shall stow all gear on board the vessel in the prescribed manner while the vessel is within any other area of the South African waters where it is not licensed to fish.

CHAPTER 6 LAW ENFORCEMENT (ss 50-57)

50 Observers

- with the prescribed identity card. vessels issued with fishing licences in terms of this Act and shall furnish such an observer (1) The Director-General may designate a person in writing to act as an observer on
- contemplated in section 38. (2) An observer may be designated in accordance with the terms of an agreement
- purposes of carrying out his or her duties and enforcing his or her rights. Republic shall, while in South African waters, be subject to the provisions of this Act for the (3) Any person designated in accordance with subsection (2) who is not a citizen of the
- determined by the Minister. (4) An observer shall exercise the scientific, compliance, monitoring and other functions
- observer to board and remain on such vessel for the purposes of performing his or her functions (5) Any person on board any vessel issued with a licence or permit shall permit any

51 Powers of fishery control officers

- enter and search any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or premises or seize any property (1) For the purposes of enforcing this Act any fishery control officer may with a warrant
- (2) For the purposes of enforcing this Act any fishery control officer may without a
- 3 vessel in or beyond such waters to stop; order any foreign fishing vessel in South African waters, and any local fishing
- 3 back on board; require the master of a vessel to stop fishing and take the gear of the vessel
- 0 appropriate means; require the master of a vessel to facilitate the boarding of a vessel by all
- \bar{z} go on board a vessel and take with him or her such other persons as he or she

may require for assistance in the execution of his or her powers;

- (e) muster the crew of a vessel;
- \mathcal{S} their respective possession or control on board the vessel; crew or any member thereof or to any person on board the vessel which is in other document required in terms of this Act or relating to a vessel and to the licence, permit, log book, official documents, record of fish caught and any require to be produced, examine and make copies of a certificate of registry,
- 60 paragraph (f); crew, any person on board the vessel and any document referred to in require the master to appear and give an explanation concerning the vessel, the
- 'n ascertain whether any provision of this Act has been contravened; make any examination or enquiry which he or she may consider necessary to
- $\widehat{\mathcal{L}}$ make an entry dated and signed by him or her in any vessel's log book;
- Θ purpose of carrying out any search, examination or enquiry; vessel to any place, port or harbour in the territory of the Republic for the this Act has been or is being committed, take or require the master to take the where he or she has reasonable grounds to believe that an offence in terms
- 3 crew member with any condition of a licence; purpose specified in this Act or for the compliance by the vessel, master or any boarded or searched as may be necessary or reasonably expedient for any give directions to the master and any crew member of any vessel stopped
- 9 any other place where fish or fish products are kept or stored; and at all reasonable times enter and inspect any fish processing establishment or
- Ē premises searched in terms of this section. take samples of any fish found in any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or on any
- (3) A fishery control officer may, without a warrant-
- Ē 44 or 45 are being stowed, ifor that fish illegally fished or substances or devices for use contrary to section reasonable grounds to believe that an offence has been or is being committed enter and search any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or premises if he or she has
- \odot the person in control of the vessel, vehicle, aircraft or premises consents to such entry or search; or
- Ξ the fishery control officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a the delay caused by the obtaining of such a warrant would defeat the warrant will be issued, if he or she were to apply for such warrant, and

object of the entry or search;

- 3 stop, enter and search any vessel, vehicle or aircraft which he or she offence in terms of this Act; reasonably suspects is being used or is involved in the commission of an
- (c) seize
- \odot any property on board any vessel, vehicle or aircraft or on any premises
- (aa) the person in control of the vessel, vehicle, aircraft or premises consents to such seizure; or
- (66)the fishery control officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a and the delay caused by the obtaining of such a warrant would defeat the object of the seizure; warrant will be issued, if he or she were to apply for such warrant,
- Ξ suspect that it has been seized or forfeited in terms of any provision of of this Act or in respect of which he or she suspects such offence to have any vessel, including its gear, equipment, stores and cargo, and any this Act; been committed or which he or she knows or has reasonable grounds to that it has been or is being used in the commission of an offence in terms vehicle or aircraft of which he or she has reasonable grounds to believe
- Ξ any fish or fish product which he or she has reasonable grounds to offence or which are possessed in contravention of this Act; suspect to have been taken or produced in the commission of such
- (F) any substance or device which he or she has reasonable grounds to contravention of section 44 or 45; suspect to have been used or to be possessed or controlled in
- € without other evidence, the commission of an offence in terms of this has reasonable grounds to believe that it shows or tends to show, with or terms of this Act or in terms of any licence, in respect of which he or she any log book, chart or other document required to be maintained in
- (vi) used as evidence in any proceedings in terms of this Act; or anything which he or she has reasonable grounds to believe might be
- B arrest any person whom he or she has reasonable grounds to suspect to have committed an offence in terms of this Act.
- (4) In exercising the powers referred to in this section a fishery control officer may,

due regard to human dignity and privacy. where necessary, use only the minimum force which is reasonable in the circumstances, with

be deemed to be a peace officer as defined in section 1 of the Criminal Procedure Act, 1977 (5) A fishery control officer shall in the exercise of his or her powers in terms of this Act,

52 Powers of fishery control officers beyond South African waters

international law as reflected in article 111 of the United Nations Convention on the Law of A fishery control officer may without a warrant following hot pursuit in accordance with

- harbour in the territory of the Republic; and commission of an offence in terms of this Act in South African waters and stop, board and search outside South African waters, any foreign fishing vessel bring such vessel and all persons and things on board to any place, port or which he or she has reasonable grounds to believe has been used in the
- **(b)** exercise beyond South African waters all the powers conferred on a fishery control officer in terms of this Act.

53 Seizure of vessels

- proceedings in terms of this Act until it is released on payment or lodging of security in terms control officer shall require and the vessel may be detained pending the outcome of any take the vessel to such place, port or harbour in the territory of the Republic as the fishery of section 62. (1) Where any vessel is seized in terms of section 51, the master and crew thereof shall
- designated place, port or harbour, a fishery control officer may take charge of the vessel for the purpose of taking it to the designated place, port or harbour. (2) If a master fails or refuses to take a vessel contemplated in subsection (1) to the

54 Seizure of vehicles or aircraft

- security in terms of section 62. outcome of any proceedings in terms of this Act until it is released on payment or lodging of fishery control officer shall designate as being the nearest or most convenient place for the thereof shall take the vehicle or aircraft to such place in the territory of the Republic as a holding of such vehicle or aircraft and the vehicle or aircraft may be detained pending the (1) Where any vehicle or aircraft is seized in terms of section 51, the driver or pilot
- subsection (1) to the designated place, a fishery control officer may take charge of the vehicle or aircraft for the purpose of bringing it to the designated place. (2) If a driver or pilot fails or refuses to take a vehicle or aircraft contemplated in
- (3) A court with jurisdiction over a vessel seized in terms of section 51, shall have

jurisdiction over any vehicle or aircraft seized in connection with the same offence in terms of this section notwithstanding the whereabouts of the said vehicle or aircraft.

55 Immobilisation of vessels, vehicles or aircraft

- steps to immobilise it and may remove any part thereof. which is in the custody of the State in terms of this Act, a fishery control officer may take (1) Having regard to the safety of a vessel, vehicle or aircraft seized, taken or detained,
- to the vessel, vehicle or aircraft immediately upon its release from custody. (2) Any part removed as contemplated in subsection (1) shall be kept safely and returned

56 Co-operation with officials

- person for inspection. any person affected thereby, produce the identity card contemplated in section 9 (3) to such exercises any power or performs any duty in terms of this Act, he or she shall at the request of (1) Whenever a fishing control officer or an honorary marine conservation officer
- register, document, fish and fish product. instruction given or request made by a fishery control officer and shall facilitate safe boarding, entry and inspection of the vessel, vehicle or aircraft and any gear, equipment, vehicle and the pilot and crew of any aircraft shall immediately comply with any lawful (2) The master and each member of the crew of any fishing vessel, the driver of any
- fishery control officer in the performance of his or her duties. vehicle and the pilot and crew of any aircraft shall take all measures to ensure the safety of a (3) The master and each member of the crew of any fishing vessel, the driver of any
- control officer, facilitate his or her safe entry and inspection of the fish processing ensure the safety of a fishery control officer in the performance of his or her duties establishment, records, documents, fish and fish products and take all measures necessary to establishment, shall immediately comply with any instruction or request given by a fishery (4) The holder of a permit for and all persons employed at any fish processing

(5) No person shall-

- 3 assault, obstruct, resist, delay, refuse the boarding of, intimidate or fail to take fishery control officer or observer in the performance of his or her duties; all reasonable measures to ensure the safety of, or otherwise interfere with a
- (6)incite or encourage any other person to assault, resist or obstruct any fishery any other person lawfully acting under the orders of the fishery control officer control officer while exercising or performing his or her powers or duties, or in his or her aid;
- 0 use threatening language or behave in a threatening or insulting manner or use abusive language or insulting gestures towards any fishery control officer or

towards any other person lawfully acting under the orders of a fishery control observer while exercising or performing his or her powers or duties, or officer in his or her aid;

- (a) fail to comply with the lawful requirements of any fishery control officer or
- 6 furnish to any fishery control officer any particulars which are false or misleading;
- $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ impersonate or falsely represent himself or herself as a fishery control officer;
- 8 control officer's orders or in his or her aid. falsely represent himself or herself as a person lawfully acting under a fishery

57 Duty to report

the Minister any contravention of the provisions of this Act by any other person. A holder of a right, license or permit granted or issued in terms of this Act shall report to

CHAPTER 7 JUDICIAL MATTERS (ss 58-76)

58 Offences and penalties

- (1) Any person who, subject to the provisions of subsections (2) or (3)-
- 0 undertakes fishing or related activities in contravention of-
- (i) a provision of section 13;
- Ξ granted or issued in terms of Part 1, 2 or 3 of Chapter 3; or the conditions of any right of access, other right, licence or permit
- Ξ an authorisation to undertake fishing or related activities in terms of Part 6 or 7 of Chapter 3, but excluding section 39 (5); or
- (b) contravenes any other provision of this Act,

or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding five years. shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two million rand,

- (2) Any person who contravenes-
- **a** provision of Part 7 of Chapter 3, by means of a vessel registered in the or outside South African waters, or otherwise fails to comply with any a provision of an international conservation and management measure inside

٠.

9 the conditions imposed in a high seas fishing permit or high seas fishing vessel

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding three million

- guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five million rand (3) Any person who contravenes a provision of section 39 (5), 45, 47, 48 or 49 shall be
- fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years. to comply with a provision thereof, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a (4) A regulation made under this Act may provide that a person who contravenes or fails

59 Limitation of liability

- person appointed to perform any function in terms of this Act shall not be liable by virtue of anything done in good faith under a provision of this Act. (1) The State, the Minister, any person in the employment of an organ of state or any
- any person who, except in the performance of any function in terms of this Act or any other liable, except in the case of any intentional act or omission on the part of any such person, to (2) The State, the Minister or any persons contemplated in subsection (1) shall not be
- 0 makes use of any vessel, vehicle or aircraft which is the property or under control of the State;
- (b) is present in any fishing harbour; or
- 0 facilities of a fishing harbour, leaves any vessel or any other property in a fishing harbour or makes use of the

paragraph (a), the presence referred to in paragraph (b) or the presence of any property or the or in any manner connected with the use of any vessel, vehicle of aircraft referred to in any bodily injury, loss of life or loss of or damage to any property caused by or arising out of or to the spouse or any dependant of any such person, for any loss or damage resulting from use of any facilities referred to in paragraph (c).

60 Destruction of evidence

- any fish, fish product, gear, explosive, fire-arm, poison, noxious substance, chart, log book, document or other thing to avoid the seizure thereof or the detection of any contravention of notified that it will be boarded by a fishery control officer shall throw overboard or destroy (1) No person who, being on board any vessel being pursued, about to be boarded or
- processing plants and other premises (2) Subsection (1) shall as far as applicable also apply to vehicles, aircraft, fish

61 Payment for information leading to conviction

proof which leads to a conviction by a court, a remuneration in cash which, in the opinion of employment of the State or an organ of state who has furnished any information or material of consultation with the Minister of Finance, pay to any person, excluding a person in the the Minister, is reasonable and fair in the circumstances. The Minister may from money appropriated by Parliament for that purpose and in

62 Security for release of vessel, vehicle or aircraft

- release of the vessel, vehicle or aircraft on the provision of security in terms of this section. detained, the master, owner, charterer or agent of the owner or the charterer of the vessel, and judicial proceedings are instituted in respect of an offence for which the vessel has been vehicle or aircraft may at any time apply to the court which will hear the matter, for the (1) If a fishing vessel, vehicle or aircraft is taken, seized or detained in terms of this Act
- (2) On hearing the application the court shall-
- the value of the vessel, vehicle or aircraftdetermine the amount of security to be deposited with the court by adding to
- \odot the maximum fine for the offence or offences alleged; and
- Ξ costs and expenses incurred or reasonably foreseen to be incurred by the State, and recoverable in terms of this Act,
- depositing of the security as determined; or and order the release of the vessel subject to the lodging of a guarantee or
- 9 justify it doing so, order the release of the vessel, vehicle or aircraft subject to the payment of security which is less than the amount contemplated in where it is satisfied that there are special and exceptional circumstances to
- that the court determine. (3) The furnishing of security shall, subject to subsection (4), be subject to the conditions
- Ξ. (4) Any security granted in terms of subsection (2) shall be subject to the condition that,
- (a) the accused is found not guilty of the charge; or
- *(4)* of the fine imposed by the court and the amount of all costs and expenses due such time as the court may determine, after he or she is convicted, the amount the accused, on being convicted of the charge, pays in full within 14 days, or by him or her to the State in terms of subsection (2),

the security shall be of no effect and any amount that has been deposited, shall forthwith be

returned to the accused.

- security has been given unless the person or persons prove the due performance of the court as a debt due to the State jointly and severally by the person or persons by whom the conditions on which the security was given. (5) Any security granted in terms of subsection (2) shall be recoverable in full in any
- or fish seized in terms of this Act. (6) The Minister may order the release of any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or gear, equipment

63 Disposal of perishables

- Minister may, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act-(1) If any fish or other thing of a perishable nature is seized in terms of section 51 the
- Œ receiving adequate security equivalent to the value of the fish or thing; or return the fish or other thing to the person from whom it was seized on
- 6 unable to sell the fish or other thing, or where such fish or other things are seized: Provided that, if, after making all reasonable efforts, the Minister is release the proceeds to the person from whom the fish or other thing was respect of the forfeiture of the proceeds or, if no proceedings are instituted, sale into a suspense account of the Department pending a court order in circumstances and, if court proceedings are instituted, pay the proceeds of the cause the sale of the fish or other thing at a price which is reasonable in the deems fit, including by destruction. unfit for sale, he or she may dispose thereof in such other manner as he or she
- at the discretion of the seizing fishery control officer where he or she for any sufficient reason considers such act desirable. (2) If any live fish has been seized in terms of section 51, it may be released or destroyed

64 Treatment of things detained or seized

- may apply to the court for it to be forfeited to the State and the court shall make such order as section 51, and a person who has been properly charged with an offence in relation thereto fails to appear to answer the charge within 90 days of the detention or seizure, the Minister (1) If any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or other thing has been detained or seized in terms of
- be disposed of as the Director-General in his or her discretion shall consider fit. section 51 cannot be traced within 90 days of such seizure it shall be forfeited to the State and (2) If the lawful owner of a vessel, vehicle, aircraft or thing seized or detained in terms of
- be returned to the owner thereof or the person having the possession, care or control of it at and the court does not order the forfeiture of it, any proceeds realised from its disposal shall (3) If a vessel, vehicle, aircraft or thing has been seized or detained in terms of section 51

the time of such detention or seizure.

·-• 1-

- penalties imposed in terms of this Act have been paid. of this Act and a fine is imposed, it may be detained until all fines, orders for costs and care or control of it at the time of its seizure or detention is convicted of an offence in terms (4) If the owner of a vessel, vehicle, aircraft or thing or the person having the possession,
- proceeds shall be dealt with in accordance with section 65 court may determine, the vessel, vehicle, aircraft or thing may be sold in satisfaction and the (5) If any payment contemplated in subsection (4) is not made within such time as the
- disposed of in the manner that the Minister may determine. may, if no appeal has been lodged at the expiry of the time limited for appeal in a court, be (6) Any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or other thing ordered to be forfeited in terms of this Act

65 Application of security

other thing shall be applied as follows and in that order: Any security or net proceeds of sale held in respect of any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or

- Ø The discharge of any forfeiture ordered in terms of section 68
- 9 use of or in connection with the vessel, vehicle, aircraft or other thing; terms of this Act or penalties imposed in terms of this Act, arising out of the the payment of all fines or a contribution towards such a fine, for offences in
- 0 out of the use of or in connection with the vessel, vehicle, aircraft or other the discharge of all orders for costs in proceedings in terms of this Act arising
- (d) return as provided for in section 64.

Liability for loss, damage or deterioration of things in custody

terms of this Act. condition of any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or other thing while in the custody of the State in The State shall not be liable to any person for any loss, damage to or deterioration in the

67 Removal from custody

- such vessel, vehicle, aircraft or thing, shall be guilty of an offence. aircrast or other thing is held in the custody of the State in terms of this Act and who removes (1) Any person who knows or can reasonably be expected to know that a vessel, vehicle,
- been unlawfully removed from the custody of the State it is liable to seizure in accordance with international law. (2) If any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or other thing held or forfeited in terms of this Act has

68 Forfeiture orders by court

- vehicle or aircraft used or involved in the commission of that offence be forfeited to the State. any fish caught unlawfully or the proceeds of sale of such fish or any perishables, and any addition to any other penalty, order that any fishing vessel, together with its gear, equipment, (1) If any person is convicted of an offence in terms of this Act, the court may, in
- any fine, order for costs or penalty imposed in terms of this Act, it shall be made available to appears to be entitled to it. the registered owner or his or her nominee or, in the absence of such persons, a person who security or net proceeds of sale in respect thereof is not forfeited or applied in the discharge of (2) If any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or other thing seized in terms of this Act, or any
- operate as an order for forfeiture of the security. security, an order for forfeiture shall, unless the court for special reasons fixes a smaller sum, (3) If any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or other thing has been released upon the lodging of
- an accused, to pay the difference between the amount lodged in respect of security and the security, the court may order any person convicted of an offence in connection therewith and aggregate value of the forfeited property. the owner of the vessel, vehicle, aircraft or other thing concerned, whether or not he or she is (4) If any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or other thing has been released upon the lodging of

Disposal of forfeited things and discharge of forfeiture orders

- Act shall be disposed of in such manner as the Minister may determine net or other equipment, explosive, fire-arm or poison ordered to be forfeited in terms of this (1) Any vessel, including its gear, cargo, stores and fuel, and any vehicle or aircraft, gear,
- of his or her security therein, as the case may be. section 68, may apply to court for the release of the property in question or for the realisation (2) The owner or any other person with real security in any property forfeited in terms of
- implicated in the commission of the offence, and that he or she could not have prevented it. realisation of the security therein, if the applicant proves that he or she was in no way (3) The court may release the property contemplated in subsection (2) or order the

70 Jurisdiction of courts

- committed-(1) Any act or omission in contravention of any of the provisions of this Act which is
- (a) by any person within South African waters;
- (b)ordinarily resident in the Republic; or outside South African waters by any citizen of the Republic or any person
- (c) by any person on board any local fishing vessel;

shall be dealt with and judicial proceedings taken as if such act or omission had taken place in

the territory of the Republic.

- court to try the offence, be deemed to have been committed within the area of jurisdiction of the court in which the prosecution is instituted. (2) Any offence in terms of this Act shall, for purposes in relation to jurisdiction of a
- have jurisdiction to impose any penalty prescribed by this Act. (3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any other Act, a magistrate's court shall

71 Documentary evidence

- (1) The Minister may issue a certificate stating that-
- <u>a</u> a specified vessel was or was not a local fishing vessel or a foreign fishing vessel on a specified date;
- 3 any specified licence, permit, authorisation or certificate of registration; specified vessel or person was or was not on a specified date the holder of
- Ō issued in respect of a specified vessel or person; of registration for a specified vessel or person and that specified conditions an appended document is a true copy of the licence, authorisation or certificate were those of a licence, permit, authorisation or certificate of registration
- Ø a particular location or area of water was on a specified date within South conditions; African waters, or within an area of South African waters subject to specified
- Ô area within such waters or zones which is subject to specified conditions; an appended chart shows the boundaries on a specified date of South African waters, internal waters, territorial waters, the exclusive economic zone or any
- \mathfrak{S} a call sign, name or number is that of a particular vessel or has been allotted under any system of naming or numbering of vessels to a particular vessel; or
- 60 a particular position or catch report was given in respect of a specified vessel
- (2) Any certificate issued in terms of this section shall be-
- (a) signed by the person who made it; and
- headed 'Certificate: Section 71 Marine Living Resources Act, 1998'
- issued in terms of this section shall be deemed to be such a certificate and to have been duly (3) In the absence of evidence to the contrary, a document purporting to be a certificate
- absence of the evidence to the contrary, be sufficient evidence as to the matters stated in that and manner of death or injury of any fish, signed by the Director-General, shall, in the (4) In any proceedings for any offence in terms of section 44, a certificate as to the cause

certificate.

72 Validity of certificates

- facts averred in it. terms of section 71 shall be admissible in evidence and shall be prima facte evidence of the (1) Subject to this section, in any proceedings in terms of this Act, a certificate issued in
- that the person who issued the certificate attend and give oral evidence at the hearing (2) A court may, of its own accord or on application by any party to proceedings, require
- defendant or accused is unduly prejudiced thereby. material to any issue in the proceedings concerned, or the court is of the opinion that the render it inadmissible in evidence unless the court considers such omission or mistake to be (3) Any omission or mistake in any certificate issued in terms of section 71 shall not

73 Certificate as to location of vessel

- been at a particular date and time or during a particular period of time. evidence in any proceedings in terms of this Act, of the place or area in which a vessel has (1) A certificate given by a fishery control officer or observer shall be prima facie
- the following: (2) A fishery control officer shall in any certificate issued in terms of subsection (1) state
- Ø) in terms of which he or she is appointed; His or her name, address, official position, place of appointment and provision
- *(6)* the name and, if known, call sign of the fishing vessel concerned;
- Ô the date and time or period of time the vessel was in a place or area;
- \widehat{x} the place or area in which it is alleged the vessel was located
- e paragraph (d) and their accuracy within their specified limits; the position fixing instruments used to fix the place or area referred to in
- \otimes working correctly; and and after they were used to fix the position and that they appeared to be that he or she checked the position fixing instruments a reasonable time before
- <u>@</u> instrument as soon as possible after the time concerned against such an generally recognised as reliably accurate is used, that he or she checked the if a position fixing instrument which is not a designated machine or is not
- (3) Section 71 shall, with the necessary changes, apply to a certificate issued in terms of

74 Designated machines

- instrument or class of machines or instruments as a designated machine. (1) The Minister may by notice published in the Gazette designate any machine or
- they aver if-(2) The readings of a designated machine shall be admissible as evidence of the facts that
- <u>a</u> of designated machines; and the readings were made by a person who has received training in the operation
- 6 the machine was checked for correct working a reasonable time before and machine appeared to be working correctly. after the readings it is sought to adduce in evidence were made and the
- presumed to give accurate readings within the manufacturer's specified limits trained in the operation thereof, it shall, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, be (3) If a designated machine has been checked for correct working and read by a person
- from a visual display unit. (4) The readings of designated machines may be made from a printout or as observed
- partially in itself of producing the readings concerned and not merely be a receiver of information or data. (5) Any machine contemplated in subsection (1) must be capable either wholly or

75 Photographic evidence

- position from which the photograph is taken are simultaneously superimposed upon the photograph, it shall be prima facie evidence that the photograph was taken on the date, at the time and in the position so appearing. (1) If a photograph is taken of any fishing or related activity and the date and time on and
- (2) The provisions of subsection (1) shall apply only when-
- (a) the camera taking the photograph is connected directly to the instruments which provide the date, time and position concerned; and
- 9 the instruments which provide the date, time and position are generally soon as possible after the taking of the photograph against such instruments. recognised as being accurate or are designated machines or were checked as
- subsection (1) may issue a certificate appending the photograph stating the following: (3) Any fishery control officer or observer who takes a photograph contemplated in
- Ø in terms of which he or she is appointed; His or her name, address, official position, place of appointment and provision
- 9 the name and call sign, if known, of any fishing vessel appearing in the

photograph;

- \hat{c} taking of the photograph and, if necessary, in accordance with subsection (2) he or she checked those instruments a reasonable time before and after the supplying the date and time, including the position fixing instrument, and that the brand and model names of the camera, watch, clock or other instruments (b), and that they all appeared to be working correctly;
- (d) the matters set out in subsection (2) (a);
- e) the accuracy of the fixing instrument if used within specified limits;
- photograph away from the camera at the time the photograph was taken the maximum possible distance and the direction of the subject of the
- this section. (4) Section 71 shall, with the necessary changes, apply to a certificate issued in terms of

76 Observation devices

- machine or class of device or machine as an observation device. (1) The Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, designate any device or
- device's transmissions in conjunction with other machines automatically from machines aboard the vessel or ascertained by the use of the observation to in subsection (3) may be fed or captured manually into the observation device or (2) The information or data concerning the vessel's position and fishing activities referred
- shall be prima facie evidence that such information-(3) All information or data obtained or ascertained by the use of an observation device.
- (a) came from the vessel so identified;
- (b) was accurately relayed or transferred; and
- was given by the master, owner and charterer of the fishing vessel,

printout or visual display unit. and evidence may be given of information and data so obtained or ascertained whether from a

- before or after any transmission or transfer. (4) Subsection (3) applies irrespective of whether or not the information was stored
- (5) Any fishery control officer or observer may issue a certificate stating the following:
- \hat{a} in terms of which he or she is appointed; His or her name, address, official position, place of appointment and provision
- 9 that he or she is competent to read the printout or visual display unit of any machine capable of obtaining or ascertaining information from an observation

- 3 the date and time the information was obtained or ascertained from the observation device and the details thereof;
- (a) the name and call sign of the vessel on which the observation device is or was record or other document; and located as known to him or her or as ascertained from any official register,
- (e) that there appeared to be no malfunction in the observation device, its transmissions or other machines used in obtaining or ascertaining the
- this section. (6) Section 71 shall, with the necessary changes, apply to a certificate issued in terms of
- observation device or machine aboard a vessel, vehicle or aircraft which automatically feeds or inputs information or data into an observation device. (7) No person shall destroy, damage, render inoperative or otherwise interfere with an
- device which is not officially required in terms of this Act, or is false or inaccurate (8) No person shall intentionally feed or capture information or data into an observation

CHAPTER 8

Power to make regulations

BENERAL PROVISIONS (ss 77-86)

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(1) The Minister may make regulations regarding-

Who is made (a) generally all matters which are reasonably necessary or expedient to be prescribed in order to achieve the objects of this Act.

any matter required or permitted to be prescribed in terms of this Act; and

may make regulations- $\oint (2)$ Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of subsection (1), the Minister

- Ø provision of this Actprescribing fines greater in amount than those already specified in any
- \odot if necessary as a result of inflation or a rise in the consumer price index;
- Ξ to be in accordance with international law
- **(b)** providing for the forfeiture of any vessel, vehicle, aircraft or thing used in the commission of an offence in terms of this Act;
- O providing for the forfeiture of any fish caught in contravention of any

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provision of this Act;

- $\widehat{\mathscr{D}}$ the value in whole or in part of any vessel, vehicle, aircraft, gear, equipment or providing for the imposition of an additional fine to an amount representing fish in the place of forfeiture of such vessel, vehicle, aircraft, gear, equipment
- e prohibited methods of fishing or gear and schemes for limiting entry into all or sizes, gear standards, minimum species sizes, closed seasons, closed areas prescribing fisheries management and conservation measures, including mesh any specified fisheries;
- 8 to regulate the catching and utilisation of fish taken incidentally when fishing for a species for which a licence or permit has been issued;
- 00 denial, terms and conditions; format and requirements for the issuing of licences or permits, grounds for pursuant to this Act, including application procedures and forms, and the of vessels to be used for fishing, related activities or any other purpose regarding licences or authorisation in respect of any vessel or class or category
- E gear in respect of which each class of licence or permit shall be valid; application procedures and forms, and the area or fishing method or type of prescribing different classes of and formats for licences or permits, including
- \odot provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea; any fishing vessel while in South African waters, having due regard to the prescribing the operation of, and conditions and procedures to be observed by
- Θ transiting the South African fisheries waters, in terms of this Act; any vessel which enters South African waters for any purpose, including prescribing the operation of, and conditions and procedures to be observed by,
- (k) regulating-
- \odot having due regard to the provisions of the United Nations Convention on the navigation of foreign fishing vessels through South African waters, the Law of the Sea; and
- Ξ the manner in which gear is to be stowed aboard such vessels
- $\overline{\mathcal{C}}$ transporting, possession and disposal of fish; regarding the catching, loading, landing, handling, processing, transshipping
- (m) regarding the import, export, trade in, distribution and marketing of fish and fish products;
- Z prescribing the manner in which any gear shall be stowed;

- 0 into under section 38 or 42; providing for the implementation of any agreement or arrangement entered
- Ø) honorary marine conservation officers and observers; regarding the appointment, powers and duties of fishery control officers
- **(9**) any vessel in respect of fishery control officers and observers; prescribing the duties and procedures to be followed by the master and crew of
- $\overline{\mathcal{E}}$ from such devices any vessel may fish around such devices; prescribing the licensing, control and use of fish aggregating devices and the rights to the aggregated fish, and setting times and the minimum distances
- \mathfrak{S} regulating or prohibiting the use of any diving apparatus, spear guns or other similar devices for fishing or related activities;
- 3 establishing standards and measures for the safety of local fishers and local fishing vessels;
- Ü requiring the provision of statistical and other information related to fisheries, including fishing log books, and the format in which the information shall be
- 3 including quality control measures and inspection of such establishments; regulating and controlling the operation of fish processing establishments,
- (w) regarding the prevention of marine pollution;
- 8 regulating or prohibiting, either generally or in any specified fisheries-
- \odot the management and protection of marine protected areas
- (ii) the taking of coral;
- \equiv the setting of fish traps, nets, fish pens or seine nets;
- (iv) the taking of fish for aquarium purposes; or
- (v) the taking of turtles;
- Ê establishing measures for the protection of specified species;
- \tilde{z} governing the administration of fishing harbours and any other matter incidental thereto;
- (aa)relating to the circumstances in which fish which have been caught shall be returned or not returned to the sea or shall be released or not released;
- (bb)relating to the dumping or discharging of anything which is or may be injurious to fish, or which may disturb or change the ecological balance in any

- (cc)to ensure the orderly development and control of mariculture in the Republic;
- (aa)to ensure the orderly development of high seas fishing by South African

authority of a province. Assignment to provinces

The Minister may assign the administration of any provision of this Act to the executive ority of a province.

Delegation of powers

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The Minister may-

- 3 upon the conditions that he or she deems fit, delegate any or all the powers regulations, to the Director-General or an officer of the Department nominated by the Director-General; or conferred upon him or her in terms of this Act, save a power to make
- 9 the local sphere of government. by notice in the Gazette, delegate any power conferred upon him or her in terms of this Act, excluding the power to make regulations, to an authority in
- this Act to an officer in the Department upon the conditions that he or she deems fit. (2) The Director-General may delegate any power conferred upon him or her in terms of
- or the Director-General. (3) No delegation of any power shall prevent the exercise of such power by the Minister
- person acting under a power delegated in terms of this Act or section 238 of the Constitution. Appeal to Minister All Mymb h ill minite in the Minister against a decision taken by any
- and in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Minister. (2) An appeal under subsection (1) must be noted and shall be dealt with in the manner
- every person with an interest in the matter an opportunity to state his or her case. (3) The Minister shall consider any matter submitted to him or her on appeal, after giving
- **3**
- subject to the conditions that he or she may determine, in writing exempt any person or group of persons or organ of state from a provision of this Act. (1) If in the opinion of the Minister there are sound reasons for doing so, he or she may,
- (2) An exemption granted in terms of subsection (1) may at any time be cancelled or

amended by the Minister.

82 Inquiries

- Act (1) The Minister may order an inquiry into any matter forming the subject matter of this
- appoint one or more persons, including a chairperson, as a committee to conduct the inquiry. (2) For the purposes of an inquiry contemplated in subsection (1), the Minister may
- (3) A committee contemplated in subsection (2) may-
- 3 the committee with such register, book, document or thing; document or thing which may have a bearing on that subject, to appear before to have in his or her possession or custody or control, any register, book, material importance concerning the subject of the inquiry, or who is believed order any person who in its opinion may be able to give information of
- (6)in terms of paragraph (a); present at the inquiry, whether he or she has been or could have been ordered call upon, and administer an oath to, or accept an affirmation from any person
- 0 paragraph (a). interrogate or require any person who has been called upon in terms of paragraph (b) to produce a register, book, document or thing referred to in
- that committee, and shall be signed by the chairperson. (4) An order for the attendance before a committee shall be in the form determined by
- in subsection (3). interrogation of, or production of a register, book, document or thing by, a person referred to register, book, document or thing before a court of law, shall be applicable in respect of the (5) The law relating to privilege as applicable to a person to give evidence or produce a

3/, Scientific investigations and practical experiments

investigation or practical experiment. The Minister may, notwithstanding the provisions of this Act, permit any scientific

84 Repeal of laws, and savings

- third column thereof. (1) The laws mentioned in Schedule 1 are hereby repealed to the extent indicated in the
- appropriate registration, licence, permit, right or permission in terms of the corresponding products under any provision of a law referred to in subsection (1) shall be deemed to be an any right, permit or permission for the performance of any act in connection with fish or fish provision of this Act (if any), respectively, for the unexpired portion of the period for which it (2) A registration of, or any licence in respect of, a fishing boat, factory or implement and

would have been valid had this Act not been passed.

- subsection (1). Gazette terminate a right of exploitation granted in terms of a provision of a law referred to in (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2), the Minister may by notice in the
- Act. subsection (1), shall be deemed to have been declared a marine protected area in terms of this (4) An area set aside as a marine reserve under a provision of a law referred to in

85 Transitional measures

established by or under any Act repealed by that section, including the Sea Fishery Advisory months after the commencement of this Act, exercise the powers of all institutions Committee and Quota Board established by the Sea Fishery Act, 1988 (Act 12 of 1988). Notwithstanding the provisions of section 84, the Minister shall for a period of six

86 Short title and commencement

operation on a date fixed by the President by proclamation in the Gazette. This Act shall be called the Marine Living Resources Act, 1998, and shall come into

Schedule 1

(Section 84)

No and year of law	Short title	Extent of repeal
Act 12 of 1988	Sea Fishery Act, 1988	The whole, except-
		(a) section 1 in its application to sections 29, 38, 47 and 50 (1), (2) and (3);
		(b) section 29;
		(c) section 38 in its application to shells;
		(d) section 47 in its application to sections 29 and 38;
		(e) section 48 in its application to shells; and
		(f) section 50 (1), (2) and (3) in its application to shells
Act 98 of 1990	Sea Fishery Amendment Act, 1990	The whole, except sections 1, 10 (d) and 12
Act 57 of 1992	Sea Fishery Amendment Act, 1992	The whole, except section 1, 10 and 18 (a)

Act 88 of 1996	Act 49 of 1996	Act 74 of 1995	Act 15 of 1994	Act 129 of 1993
Abolition of Restrictions on the Jurisdiction of Courts Act, 1996	General Law Amendment Act, 1996	Sea Fishery Amendment Act, 1995	Maritime Zones Act, 1994	General Law Third Amendment Act, 1995
Sections 103 and 104	Section 1 in respect of the amendment of the Sea Fishery Act, 1988	The whole, except section 5	Section 15 (1) in respect of the amendment of the Sea Fishery Act, 1988	Sections 66, 67 and 68

MARINE LIVING RESOURCES AMENDMENT ACT 68 OF 2000

[ASSENTED TO 29 NOVEMBER 2000]

[DATE OF COMMENCEMENT: 30 MAY 2000]

(English text signed by the President)

ACT

operate a fish-processing establishment; and to provide for matters connected certain rights to undertake commercial or subsistence fishing, engage in mariculture or To amend the Marine Living Resources Act, 1998, so as to permit the extension of

Amends section 18 of the Marine Living Resources Act 18 of 1998 by inserting

2 Short title

deemed to have taken effect on 30 May 2000. This Act is called the Marine Living Resources Amendment Act, 2000, and must be

FORESTS AND FORESTRY

† FOREST ACT 122 OF 1984

Management: Biodiversity Act 10 of 2004 with effect from 1 September 2004. See \dagger [NOTE: This Act has been repealed by section 103 of the National Environmental

FOREST AMENDMENT ACT 53 OF 1991

[ASSENTED TO 14 MAY 1991]

[DATE OF COMMENCEMENT: 22 MAY 1991]

(English text signed by the State President)

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2000

as amended by

National Forests Act 84 of 1998

ACT

objects and functions of the said institute; and to provide for matters connected Gardens to the National Botanical Institute; and to extend and further define the and maintenance of fire belts; to change the name of the Board for National Botanic To amend the Forest Act, 1984, so as to make further provision regarding the clearing

definition of 'board' where it is defined for the purposes of Part IX; paragraph (b) inserts the definition of 'chief executive officer'; paragraph (c) deletes the definition of 'director'; IX; and paragraph (e) inserts the definition of 'institute'. paragraph (d) substitutes the definition of 'fund' where it is defined for the purposes of Part Amends section 1 of the Forest Act 122 of 1984 as follows: paragraph (a) deletes the

2 and 3

[Ss. 2 and 3 repealed by s. 73 (1) of Act 84 of 1998.]

and 69 of the Forest Act 122 of 1984. 4 to 9 inclusive Substitute respectively the heading to Part IX and sections 57, 58, 61, 64

Amends section 73 (1) of the Forest Act 122 of 1984 by substituting paragraph (g)

11

[S. 11 repealed by s. 73 (1) of Act 84 of 1998.]

12 Substitution of certain words in Part IX of Act 122 of 1984

respectively. and 'board', wherever they occur, of the words 'chief executive officer' and 'institute', The principal Act is hereby amended by the substitution in Part IX for the words 'director'

13 Short title

This Act shall be called the Forest Amendment Act, 1991.

Endnotes

1 (Popup - Popup)

Fees payable in respect of recreational scuba diving in marine protected areas published under GN 1264 in GG 29463 of 8 December 2006.

,...T.