## CONFLICT MANAGEMENT -

COUNSELLING CENTRE SENIOR STUDENTS/ SRC HALL REPS



RHODES UNIVERSITY Where leaders learn FACILITATORS: Alison Simonse Thobile Ncane

## **OVERVIEW**

WHAT IS CONFLICT? :

- Types of conflict
- How and why conflict arises?

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• What is conflict resolution?

### SELF AWARENESS:

- Emotional intelligence and conflict
- Identifying conflict responses
- Boundaries

CONFLICT RESOLUTION STRATEGIES

RESOURCES



## What is Conflict?

Conflict is defined as a clash between individuals arising out of a difference in thought process, attitudes, understanding, interests, requirements and perceptions.

Types of Conflict

- Interpersonal conflict
- Group Conflict : Intragroup vs intergroup

Good vs bad conflict



# Why Conflict Arises

- Personality clash, history, principles, beliefs, values, views, motivations,
- Communication,
- Cohesion,
- Unequal participation/ work ethic,
- Lack of resources and tools



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## Identifying Conflict

• Reflect on a past conflict scenario and try to identify ]

- •Your thoughts,
- Feelings/ emotion,
- Behaviour



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## Emotional Intelligence in Conflict

he ability to understand and manage your emotions in a

way that helps you effectively communicate, manage stress, set boundaries, handle conflict and maintain healthy relationships.

• Allows you to embrace conflict as a space for growth.



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## Identifying Conflict Responses



## **Cognitive Responses**

Our ideas and thoughts about a situation,

Present as inner voices or internal observers

situation (i.e., self-talk).



# **Emotional responses**

- Assumptions
- Mind reading
- Jumping to conclusions
- Catastrophizing
- Gaslighting
- Generalizing



## **Physical and Mental Responses**

- Hyperventilating
- Heightened stress,
- Bodily tension,
- Increased perspiration, Tunnel vision,
- Shallow or accelerated breathing,
- Nausea, and rapid heartbeat.
- Frustration



# What is Conflict Resolution

**C**onflict resolution is the process of ending a dispute and reaching an agreement that satisfies all parties involved.



Conflict *resolution* is not designed to avoid disagreements but rather employs skills/strategies that can be used facilitate discussions, increase understanding and control emotional responses.



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- Avoiding is when people ignore or withdraw from conflict.
- They choose this method when the discomfort of confrontation exceeds the potential reward of resolution of the conflict.
- When conflict is avoided, nothing is resolved.



- Competing is used by people who go into a conflict planning to win.
- They are assertive and not cooperative.
- Competing doesn't allow room for diverse perspectives into a well informed total picture.



- Accommodating is a strategy where one party gives in to the wishes/demands of another.
- Too much accommodation can result in groups where the most assertive parties commandeer all processes without the input of others.



- Collaborating is the method used when people are both **assertive and cooperative**.
- A group may learn to allow each participant to make a contribution with the possibility of cocreating a shared solution that everyone can

### support.

## The Compromising Person

- Compromisers **attempt to balance the needs** of all those involved in conflict.
- People feel listened to: Compromisers
  genuinely want to hear other perspectives, so
  that they can best negotiate a resolution that
  meets at least some of everyone's needs.



- Parties walk away with some sense of victory: In a compromise, everybody walks away with something to show for their efforts.
- Compromise is regarded positively: In many cases, the willingness to compromise is seen as a sign of maturity/the ability to be a team player.

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# **Reflections?**



#### **RHODES WELLNESS LEADERS**

### EMERGENCY CONTACTS

On Campus: ALL SEVICES ARE ONLINE UNTIL FACE-TO-FACE CONTACT IS ALLOWED.



#### Rhodes University Counselling Centre



Top floor Steve Biko building (Prince Alfred Street) Open: Monday to Friday From: 08h00 – 17h00. Contact: (046) 603 7070 (During Office Hours) Or email counsellingcentre@ru.ac.za

### Psychology clinic

Contact: (046) 603 8502 Or email pychologyclinic@ru.ac.za

## Healthcare Centre

Contact: (046) 603 8523 Or email healthcarecentre@ru.ac.za

### Harrassment Office

Contact: (046) 603 8181 (Masi Buso) Or email studentaffrairs@ru.ac.za



Contact: (046) 603 7070 Or email: careercentre@ru.ac.za FOR: 30min one-on-one appointments From: 11h00-15h00



From: 11h00-15h00 Regarding: Career Assessments, Career guidance AND

Workshops on CV writing, interview skills and career success.





ER 24 ER 24 Crisis Line (24hours) Contact: 010 205 3068

#### S.A Depression and Anxiety Group

South African Depression And Anxiety Group (24hours - Online substance abuse help available) Contact: 011 234 4837



For more info or support kindly find a Wellness leader at your residence or contact Rhodes Wellness leaders via our online platforms.



# THANK YOU.

